

CITY OF SILVERTON
ORDINANCE
18-26

AN ORDINANCE OF THE SILVERTON CITY COUNCIL AMENDING SILVERTON MUNICIPAL CODE TITLE 5 TO ADD CHAPTER 5.45 TO REGULATE PLASTIC CARRYOUT BAGS

WHEREAS, at several meetings and work sessions, the Silverton City Council discussed changes to the Silverton Municipal Code (Code) whereby plastic carryout bags would be regulated; and

WHEREAS, the City desires to promote the use of reusable bags over plastic carryout bags in order to reduce the negative economic and environmental impacts associated with plastic carryout bags; and

WHEREAS, plastic carryout bags contribute to litter in the environment and can result in blocked storm drains, marine debris, and other waste issues; and

WHEREAS, the City desires to revise the Code to regulate the use of plastic carryout bags and to promote the use of reusable bags at points of sale.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY OF SILVERTON ORDAINS AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1: The Silverton Municipal Code is amended in substantially the same form as set forth in the attached Exhibit A (Chapter 5.45).

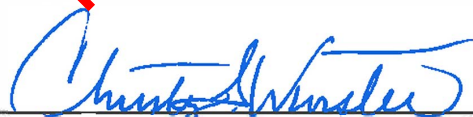
Section 2: This ordinance is and shall be effective within 30 days of its passage.

Ordinance adopted by the City Council of the City of Silverton, this 7th day of January 2019.



Mayor, City of Silverton
Kyle Palmer

ATTEST



City Manager/Recorder, City of Silverton
Christy S. Wurster

Exhibit A

Chapter 5.45 PLASTIC CARRYOUT BAGS

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|----------|---------------------------------|
| 5.45.010 | Purpose |
| 5.45.020 | Definitions |
| 5.45.030 | Supervision by City Manager |
| 5.45.040 | Plastic Carryout Bag Regulation |
| 5.45.050 | Enforcement and Penalties |

Section 5.45.010 - Purpose.

The purpose of this chapter is to prohibit retail establishments from distributing plastic carryout bags to their customers and to encourage the distribution and use of reusable/recyclable options in order to avoid the negative environmental consequences found with the use of plastic carryout bags.

Section 5.45.020 - Definitions.

As used in this chapter, except where the context otherwise indicates, the following definitions apply:

- A. "ASTM Standard" means the current American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) International D-6400.
- B. "Carryout bag" means a bag that is provided by a retail establishment at the check stand, cash register, point of sale or other point of departure to a customer for the purpose of transporting food or merchandise out of the establishment. Carryout bags do not include:
 1. Bags used by customers inside stores to package bulk items such as fruit, vegetables, nuts, grains, candy, greeting cards, or small hardware items, such as nails and bolts, or to contain or wrap frozen foods, meat or fish, whether prepackaged or not, or to contain or wrap flowers or potted plants, or other items where dampness may be a problem, or to contain unwrapped prepared foods or bakery goods, or to contain prescription drugs, or to safeguard public health and safety during the transportation of prepared take-out foods and prepared liquids intended for consumption away from the retail establishment; or
 2. Newspaper bags, door-hanger bags, laundry-dry cleaning bags, or bags sold in packages containing multiple bags intended for use as garbage, pet waste, or yard waste bags.
- C. "Pass-through charge" means a charge to be collected by retailers from their customers when providing recyclable paper bags, and retained by retailers to offset the cost of bags and other costs related to the pass-through charge.
- D. "Plastic carryout bag" means a plastic bag made from synthetic or natural organic materials less than 2.25 mils thick that is provided by a retail establishment to a customer at the point of sale for use to transport or carry away purchases from the retail establishment.
- E. "Recyclable paper bag" means a paper bag that meets all of the following requirements:

1. Is 100 percent recyclable and contains a minimum of 40 percent post-consumer recycled content; and
 2. Is capable of composting consistent with the timeline and specifications of the ASTM Standard.
- F. “Retail establishment” means any person, corporation, partnership, business venture, public sports or entertainment facilities, government agency, street vendor or vendor at public events or festivals or organizations that sell or provide merchandise, goods or materials including, without limitation, clothing, food, beverages, household goods, or personal items of any kind directly to a customer. Examples include but are not limited to department stores, clothing stores, jewelry stores, grocery stores, pharmacies, home improvement stores, liquor stores, convenience stores, gas stations, restaurants, food vending trucks, farmers markets and temporary vendors of food and merchandise at street fairs and festivals. Food banks and other food assistance programs are not considered to be retail establishments for the purposes of this section.
- G. “Reusable bag” means a bag with handles that is either:
1. Made of cloth or other machine washable material; or
 2. Made of woven synthetic fiber; or
 3. Made of woven and non-woven polypropylene; or
 4. Made of durable plastic that is at least 2.25 mils thick.
- H. “Undue hardship” means circumstances or situations unique to the particular retail establishment that results in no reasonable alternatives to the use of plastic carryout bags or which results in the inability to collect a recyclable paper bag pass-through charge.

Section 5.45.030 - Supervision by city manager.

The regulation of plastic carryout bags in the city under the provisions herein shall be under the supervision of the city manager.

Section 5.45.040 - Plastic carryout bag regulation.

- A. No retail establishment shall provide or make available plastic carryout bags or non-recyclable paper bags.
- B. When a retail establishment makes a bag available to a customer at the point of sale, the bag shall meet the definition of a recyclable paper bag or reusable bag.
- C. Retail establishment shall collect a pass-through charge from customers of no less than five cents for each recyclable paper carryout bag.
- D. A retail establishment that accepts WIC, EBT, and SNAP will provide those customers with a reusable bag or recyclable paper bag at no cost at the point of sale.

Section 5.45.050 - Enforcement and penalties.

- A. A person is guilty of a violation of this chapter if that person is the one who provides or makes available a plastic carryout bag to customers and/or is a person who is in charge or in control of a retail establishment or who exercises authority over a retail establishment that provides or makes available a plastic carryout bag to customers.

- B. Each plastic carryout bag or non-recyclable paper bag provided or made available to a customer is a violation of this chapter and separate offense.
- C. Each recyclable paper bag provided or made available to customers without charging a minimum of five cents each is a violation of this chapter and a separate offense.
- D. It shall be a violation of this section for any retail establishment to pay or otherwise reimburse a customer for any portion of the pass-through charge.
- E. A violation of this chapter is punishable in accordance with the general penalty provisions of SMC 1.08.010.
- F. Enforcement of this chapter shall begin July 1, 2019 for all retail establishments.
- G. The City Manager may exempt a retail establishment from the enforcement deadline for a period of not more than six months upon the retail establishment showing, in writing, that timely imposition of the provisions of this chapter would create an undue hardship. The City Manager shall make a written final decision to grant or deny the exemption request, which shall be the City's final decision on the application.
- H. If any provision, paragraph, word, section, or article of this chapter is invalidated by any court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions, paragraphs, words, sections and chapters shall not be affected and shall continue in full force and effect.

Repealed by Ordinance No. 20-03
Effective March 2, 2020